INSTRUMENT MECHANIC

COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM

(Duration: 2 Yrs.)

APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING SCHEME (ATS)

NSQF LEVEL-5



SECTOR – INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION AND INSTRUMENTATION



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT & ENTREPRENEURSHIP
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF TRAINING





INSTRUMENT MECHANIC

(Revised in 2018)

APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING SCHEME (ATS)





Developed By

Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship

Directorate General of Training

CENTRAL STAFF TRAINING AND RESEARCH INSTITUTE

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- 5. Voith Turbo, Hyderbad
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- 9. ECIL, Hyderabad.
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1.1 Apprenticeship Training Scheme under Apprentice Act 1961

The Apprentices Act, 1961 was enacted with the objective of regulating the programme of training of apprentices in the industry by utilizing the facilities available therein for imparting on-the-job training. The Act makes it obligatory for employers in specified industries to engage apprentices in designated trades to impart Apprenticeship Training on the job in industry to school leavers and person having National Trade Certificate(ITI pass-outs) issued by National Council for Vocational Training (NCVT) to develop skilled manpower for the industry. There are four categories of apprentices namely; trade apprentice, graduate, technician and technician (vocational) apprentices.

Qualifications and period of apprenticeship training of **trade apprentices** vary from trade to trade. The apprenticeship training for trade apprentices consists of basic training followed by practical training. At the end of the training, the apprentices are required to appear in a trade test conducted by NCVT and those successful in the trade tests are awarded the National Apprenticeship Certificate.

The period of apprenticeship training for graduate (engineers), technician (diploma holders and technician (vocational) apprentices is one year. Certificates are awarded on completion of training by the Department of Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development.

1.2 Changes in Industrial Scenario

Recently we have seen huge changes in the Indian industry. The Indian Industry registered an impressive growth during the last decade and half. The number of industries in India have increased manifold in the last fifteen years especially in services and manufacturing sectors. It has been realized that India would become a prosperous and a modern state by raising skill levels, including by engaging a larger proportion of apprentices, will be critical to success; as will stronger collaboration between industry and the trainees to ensure the supply of skilled workforce and drive development through employment. Various initiatives to build up an adequate infrastructure for rapid industrialization and improve the industrial scenario in India have been taken.

1.3 Reformation

The Apprentices Act, 1961 has been amended and brought into effect from 22nd December, 2014 to make it more responsive to industry and youth. Key amendments are as given below:

- Prescription of number of apprentices to be engaged at establishment level instead of trade-wise.
- Establishment can also engage apprentices in optional trades which are not designated, with the discretion of entry level qualification and syllabus.
- Scope has been extended also to non-engineering occupations.
- Establishments have been permitted to outsource basic training in an institute of their choice.
- The burden of compliance on industry has been reduced significantly.



2.1 GENERAL

Directorate General of Training (DGT) under Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship offers range of vocational training courses catering to the need of different sectors of economy/ Labour market. The vocational training programmes are delivered under aegis of National Council of Vocational Training (NCVT). Craftsman Training Scheme (CTS) and Apprenticeship Training Scheme (ATS) are two pioneer programmes of NCVT for propagating vocational training.

Instrument Mechanic trade under ATS is one of the most popular courses delivered nationwide through different industries. The course is of two years (02 Blocks) duration. It mainly consists of Domain area and Core area. In the Domain area Trade Theory & Practical impart professional - skills and knowledge, while Core area - Workshop Calculation and science, Engineering Drawing and Employability Skills imparts requisite core skills & knowledge and life skills. After passing out the training programme, the trainee is being awarded National Apprenticeship Certificate (NAC) by NCVT having worldwide recognition.

Broadly candidates need to demonstrate that they are able to:

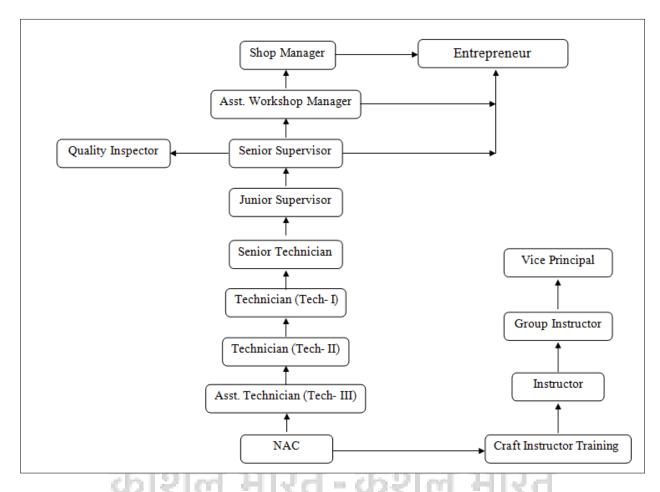
 Read & interpret technical parameters/document, plan and organize work processes, identify necessary materials and tools;

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- Perform task with due consideration to safety rules, accident prevention regulations and environmental protection stipulations;
- Apply professional skill, knowledge, core skills & employability skills while performing jobs and solve problem during execution.
- Check the job/assembly as per drawing for functioning, identify and rectify errors in job/assembly.
- Document the technical parameters related to the task undertaken.

2.2 CAREER PROGRESSION PATHWAYS:

- Can join Crafts Instructor Training Scheme (CITS) in the trade for becoming instructor in ITIs.
- Indicative pathways for vertical mobility.



2.3 COURSE STRUCTURE:

Table below depicts the distribution of training hours across various course elements during a period of two years (*Basic Training and On-Job Training*):-

Total training duration details: -

Time (in months)	1-3	4-12	13-15	16-24
Basic Training	Block- I		Block – II	
Practical Training		Block – I		Block – II
(On - job training)				

A. Basic Training

For 02 yrs. Engg. Course :-(**Total 06 months:** 03 months in 1styr. + 03 months in 2nd yr.) For 01 yr. Engg. course :-(**Total 03 months:** 03 months in 1styr.)

Sl. No.	Course Element	Total Notional	Total Notional Training Hours	
		For 02 yrs. course	For 01 yr. course	
1	Professional Skill (Trade Practical)	550	275	
2	Professional Knowledge (Trade Theory)	240	120	
3	Workshop Calculation & Science	40	20	
4	Engineering Drawing	60	30	
5	Employability Skills	110	55	
	Total (including Internal Assessment)	1000	500	

B. On-Job Training:-

For 02 yrs. Engg. Course :- (Total 18 months: 09 months in 1st yr. + 09 months in 2nd yr.)

Notional Training Hours for On-Job Training: 3120 Hrs.

For 01 yr. Engg. course :-(Total 12 months)

Notional Training Hours for On-Job Training: 2080 Hrs.

C. Total training hours:-

Duration	Basic Training	On-Job Training	Total
For 02 Engg. yrs.	1000 hrs.	3120 hrs.	4120 hrs.
course	2000 11101	01100.	
For 01 yr. Engg.	500 hrs.	2080 hrs.	2580 hrs.
course	300 ms.	2000 1113.	

2.4 ASSESSMENT & CERTIFICATION:

The trainee will be tested for his skill, knowledge and attitude during the period of course and at the end of the training programme as notified by Govt of India from time to time. The Employability skills will be tested in first two semesters only.

- a) The **Internal assessment** during the period of training will be done by **Formative assessment method** by testing for assessment criteria listed against learning outcomes. The training institute have to maintain individual *trainee portfolio* as detailed in assessment guideline (section-2.4.2). The marks of internal assessment will be as per the template (Annexure II).
- b) The final assessment will be in the form of summative assessment method. The All India Trade Test for awarding NAC will be conducted by NCVT on completion of course as per guideline of Govt of India. The pattern and marking structure is being notified by govt of India from time to time. The learning outcome and assessment criteria will be basis for setting question papers for final assessment. The examiner during final examination will also check individual trainee's profile as detailed in assessment guideline (section-2.4.2) before giving marks for practical examination.

2.4.1 PASS REGULATION

The minimum pass percent for Practical is 60% & minimum pass percent for Theory subjects 40%. The candidate pass in each subject conducted under all India trade test.

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2.4.2 ASSESSMENT GUIDELINE

Appropriate arrangements should be made to ensure that there will be no artificial barriers to assessment. The nature of special needs should be taken into account while undertaking assessment. Due consideration should be given while assessing for team work, avoidance/reduction of scrap/wastage and disposal of scarp/wastage as per procedure, behavioral attitude, sensitivity to environment and regularity in training. The sensitivity towards OSHE and self-learning attitude are to be considered while assessing competency.

Assessment will be evidence based comprising the following:

- Job carried out in labs/workshop
- Record book/ daily diary
- Answer sheet of assessment
- Viva-voce
- Progress chart
- Attendance and punctuality
- Assignment
- Project work

Evidences of internal assessments are to be preserved until forthcoming semester examination for audit and verification by examination body. The following marking pattern to be adopted while assessing:

Performance Level	Evidence
(a) Weightage in the range of 60 -75% to be	allotted during assessment
For performance in this grade, the candidate with occasional guidance and showing due regard for safety procedures and practices, has produced work which demonstrates attainment of an acceptable standard of craftsmanship.	 Demonstration of good skill in the use of hand tools, machine tools and workshop equipment Below 70% tolerance dimension/accuracy achieved while undertaking different work with those demanded by the component/job/set standards. A fairly good level of neatness and consistency in the finish Occasional support in completing the project/job.
(b)Weightage in the range of above75% - 90	0% to be allotted during assessment
For this grade, the candidate, with little guidance and showing due regard for safety procedures and practices, has produced work which demonstrates attainment of a reasonable standard of craftsmanship. (c) Weightage in the range of above 90% to	 Good skill levels in the use of hand tools, machine tools and workshop equipment 70-80% tolerance dimension/accuracy achieved while undertaking different work with those demanded by the component/job/set standards. A good level of neatness and consistency in the finish Little support in completing the project/job
For performance in this grade, the candidate, with minimal or no support in organization and execution and with due regard for safety procedures and practices, has produced work which demonstrates attainment of a high standard of craftsmanship.	 High skill levels in the use of hand tools, machine tools and workshop equipment Above 80% tolerance dimension/accuracy achieved while undertaking different work with those demanded by the component/job/set standards. A high level of neatness and consistency in the finish. Minimal or no support in completing the project.

Brief description of Job roles:

Mechanic Precision Instrument, General Mechanic, Precision Instrument General tests, repairs, overhauls and assembles various precision instruments and their parts for efficient performance. Examines instrument for defects. Dismantles components and cleans them in appropriate fluid such as petrol, kerosene etc. to find out extent of damage or wear and tear to parts. Removes minor defects of parts by grinding, filing, drilling, etc. and replaces worn out and damaged parts. Adjusts position of various parts using screwdriver, spanner etc. and assembles instrument to form complete unit. Makes simple electrical connections, solders contact points and performs other tasks as necessary. Tests performance either by visual observation or by conducting simple electrical and mechanical tests and ensures that repaired or assembled instrument conforms to prescribed efficiency. May make new components and assemble new instruments. May specialize in any particular type of instrument like mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, electrical, optical, orthopedic etc.

Technician Instrumentation Technician Instrumentation dismantles removes and replaces a range of instruments and faulty peripheral components down to unit and component level, setting up test equipment, troubleshooting components of instruments, calibrating them and also preparing service reports and accurately documenting parts replacement and repair.

Mechanic Precision Instrument, Mechanical Mechanic Precision Instrument, Mechanical makes, alters and adjusts mechanical instruments or mechanical parts of electrical and optical instruments by accurate milling, filing, grinding, lapping and other processes. Studies drawings or samples and examines precision instrument like balance, meters, pressure gauges etc. for defects. Dismantles instrument, cleans metal components in petrol, kerosene oil or otherwise and checks them to find out extent of damage and further serviceability. Makes new parts on lathe milling or other machines, if necessary. Sizes and fits metal parts by filing, scraping, grinding lapping etc. as necessary and ensures their desired accuracy by checking with precision measuring instruments shadow graph and other highly perfect devices. Assembles parts to form complete unit. Gets electrical components repaired by Electrician. Fits electrical and optical parts to instrument and adjusts them as required. Texts repaired or assembled instrument for clarity or vision sensitivity, correct meter and scale readings etc. as required and ensures stipulated performance within prescribed limits. Makes necessary adjustments and seals meters to avoid manipulations. May specialize in particular type of instruments like balance, pressure gauges, meters, the odolites, etc.

Functional Tester is responsible for checking functions of manufactured industrial equipment such as UPS, inverter, energy meter, PLC, oscilloscope, control panel. The individual at work tests specified functions of every product being assembled on the production line.

Calibrator (Instrument and Apparatus) tests and calibrates controlling, indicating, and measuring instruments and devices, such as monochromators, pressure regulators, tachometers, temperature controls, and thermometers, to ensure specified operating performance, using hand tools, testing and calibrating instruments and equipment, and precision measuring instruments: Reads quality control manual and testing specifications to obtain data to test or calibrate specific devices. Selects and installs accessories, such as adapters, indicating gauges, or holding devices on test or calibration fixture, and connects instrument or device to fixture, according to specifications, using hand tools. Sets controls to regulate factors, such as current flow, timing cycle, pressure, temperature, or vacuum, according to specifications, and activates test or calibration equipment. Observes readings on meters and gauges, and other displays and performance of the device or instrument to identify functional defects and determine calibration requirements. Adjusts calibration mechanisms to obtain specified operational performance of the device or instrument, using hand tools and precision measuring and calibrating instruments and equipment. Applies sealing compound on calibration mechanism to prevent readjustment of settings and loss of calibration. Rejects malfunctioning devices and routes devices to specified department for rework or salvaging of parts. May disassemble instrument or device to determine cause of defective operation and notify supervisory personnel of findings.

Calibration Technician sets, adjusts, validates or verifies mechanical, pneumatic, hydraulic, electrical, electronic, measuring and control instruments using reference standards in accordance with predetermined standard procedures.

Mechanic, Precision Instrument, Electrical Mechanic Precision Instrument Electrical; Meter Repairer, Electrical repairs and sets electrical parts of precision instruments such as megger, voltmeter, ammeter, condensers, galvanometers, etc., to high accuracy for recording correct readings by reviving, replacements and necessary adjustments. Studies drawings, circuit diagrams and other specifications and examines instrument visually to locate any apparent loose connection, short circuits etc. Dismantles instrument using insulated screw drivers, pliers, special spanners etc., and checks components, insulation wiring, fittings and other features with precision mechanical and electrical measuring instruments to locate wear and tear, short circuits and other defects. Cleans necessary or any fluid used in instrument and their various parts using special brushes. Checks gear shell, bearing jewels and other operating parts and repairs or replaces worn out and damaged ones. Assembles parts, replaces insulation and makes electrical wiring and connections according to diagram and prescribed specification. Examines assembled or repaired instrument by standard tests, makes necessary adjustments and ensures correct

reading and desired performance within prescribed limits. Seals cut-outs, meters etc. to avoid manipulation. May wind coils, set new resistance and perform other electrical functions, if required.

Automation Specialist Individuals at this job are responsible for providing support to production operations through maintenance of process control systems installed at shop floor for various manufacturing processes

Precision Instrument Makers and Repairers, other perform number of low skilled and routine tasks such as dismantling instruments, filing, making connections, operating vacuum machine, soldering, sealing covers, cleaning lenses etc., and is designated as Instrument Mechanic Mate, Instrument Mechanic Helper.

Instrument Mechanic supports the plant operation and all machines operation is safe & running correctly by conducting inspections and preventive maintenance. His job role involves skilled mechanical and electrical and electronic work such as

- Refer manuals, reading and interpreting circuit diagrams, blueprints and schematics
- inspecting and testing the operation of instruments and systems to diagnose faults using testing devices
- writing maintenance reports
- repairing and adjusting system components or removing and replacing defective parts
- calibrating components and instruments
- performing scheduled preventative maintenance work
- installing control and measurement instruments on existing or new plant equipment
- observing safety in accordance with government and company standards



Reference NCO 2015:

- (i) 7311.0100 Mechanic Precision Instrument, General
- (ii) 7311.0101 Technician Instrumentation
- (iii) 7311.0400 Mechanic Precision Instrument, Mechanical
- (iv) 7543.0801 Functional Tester
- (v) 7311.1000 Calibrator (Instrument and Apparatus)
- (vi) 7311.1001 Calibration Technician
- (vii) 7412.0100 Mechanic, Precision Instrument, Electrical
- (viii) 7412.0101 Automation Specialist
- (ix) 7311.9900 Precision Instrument Makers and Repairers, other

NSQF level for Instrument Mechanic trade under ATS: Level 5

As per notification issued by Govt. of India dated- 27.12.2013 on National Skill Qualification Framework total 10 (Ten) Levels are defined.

Each level of the NSQF is associated with a set of descriptors made up of five outcome statements, which describe in general terms, the minimum knowledge, skills and attributes that a learner needs to acquire in order to be certified for that level.

Each level of the NSQF is described by a statement of learning outcomes in five domains, known as level descriptors. These five domains are:

- a. Process
- b. professional knowledge,
- c. professional skill,
- d. core skill and
- e. Responsibility.



The Broad Learning outcome of Instrument Mechanic trade under ATS mostly matches with the Level descriptor at Level- 5.

The NSQF level-5 descriptor is given below:

Level	Process required	Professional knowledge	Professional skill	Core skill	Responsibility
Level 5	Job that	knowledge	a range of	Desired	Responsibility for
	requires well	of facts,	cognitive and	mathematical	own work and
	developed	principles,	practical skills	skill,	Learning and some
	skill, with clear	processes and	required to	understanding of	responsibility for
	choice of	general	accomplish	social, political	other's works and
	procedures in	concepts, in a	tasks and solve	and some skill of	learning.
	familiar	field of	problem by	collecting and	
	context.	work	selecting and	organizing	
		or study	applying basic	information,	
			methods, tools,	communication.	
			materials and		
			information.		

Name of the Trade	INSTRUMENT MECHANIC	
NCO - 2015	7311.0100, 7311.0101, 7311.0401, 7543.0801,7311.1000,	
	7311.1001, 7412.0100, 7412.0101,7311.9900	
NSQF Level	Level – 5	
Duration of Apprenticeship Training (Basic Training + On-Job Training)	Two years (02 Blocks each of one year duration).	
Duration of Basic Training	a) Block –I: 3 months	
	b) Block – II: 3 months	
	Total duration of Basic Training: 6 months	
Duration of On-Job Training	a) Block–I: 9 months	
	b) Block–II: 9 months	
	Total duration of Practical Training: 18 months	
Entry Qualification	Passed 10 th Class with Science and Mathematics under 10+2 system of Education or its equivalent	
Selection of Apprentices	The apprentices will be selected as per Apprenticeship Act amended time to time.	
Instructors Qualification for Basic Training	As per ITI instructors qualifications as amended time to time for the specific trade.	
Infrastructure for Basic Training	As per related trades of ITI	
Examination	The internal examination/ assessment will be held on completion of each block. Final examination for all subjects will be held at the end of course and same will be conducted by NCVT.	
Rebate to Ex-ITI Trainees	01 year	
CTS trades eligible for	Instrument Mechanic	
Instrument Mechanic	3	
Apprenticeship		

Note:

- Industry may impart training as per above time schedule for different block, however this is not fixed. The industry may adjust the duration of training considering the fact that all the components under the syllabus must be covered. However the flexibility should be given keeping in view that no safety aspects is compromised.
- For imparting Basic Training the industry to tie-up with ITIs having such specific trade and affiliated to NCVT.

6.1 GENERIC LEARNING OUTCOME

The following are minimum broad Common Occupational Skills/ Generic Learning Outcome after completion of the Instrument Mechanic course of 02 years duration under ATS.

Block I & II:-

- 1. Recognize & comply safe working practices, environment regulation and housekeeping.
- 2. Understand and explain different mathematical calculation & science in the field of study including basic electrical. [Different mathematical calculation & science –units, Fractions & Simplification, square roots, material science, Ratio & Proportion, Percentage, Work, Power & Energy, Algebra, Mensuration, Trigonometry, Mass, weight, density, Pressure]
- 3. Interpret specifications, different engineering drawing and apply for different application in the field of work. [Different engineering drawing-Geometrical construction, Dimensioning, Layout, Method of representation, Symbol, scales, symbolic representation of fastener and pipe joints, Electrical, electronic and digital symbols, P&I drawing symbols ISA 5.1]
- 4. Select and ascertain measuring instrument and measure dimension of components and record data.
- 5. Explain the concept in productivity, quality tools, and labour welfare legislation and apply such in day to day work to improve productivity & quality.
- 6. Explain energy conservation, global warming and pollution and contribute in day to day work by optimally using available resources.
- 7. Explain personnel finance, entrepreneurship and manage/organize related task in day to day work for personal & societal growth.
- 8. Plan and organize the work related to the occupation.

6.2 SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOME

Block - I

- 1. Study personal & plant safety procedures and use of safety equipment, fire and fire fighting facilities/techniques, handling of hazardous chemicals and poisons substances.
- 2. Understand the different activities of the plant with plant capacity and production.
- 3. Preparing a Schematic Layout and study of the process and operation of the plant.
- 4. Perform basic workshop operations using he suitable tools for fitting riveting, drilling etc observing suitable care & safety.
- 5. Using precision instruments like for job preparation and operation. Correcting and maintenance of precision instruments.

- 6. Understand the working principle of electrical measuring instruments. Finding faults and troubleshoot calibrate, connect common electrical measuring instruments, Continuity Testers, meggers, earth resistance testers and multi meters etc.
- 7. Test, connect with devices, start and control and reverse the direction of rotation of DC motors AC single phase and three phase induction motors, synchronous motors.
- 8. Read, understand and interpret electrical (Single line diagrams MCC Panel wiring) & electronic circuits and its drawings.
- 9. Prepare, cable glanding, crimp, terminate and test various power/instrumentation cables used in industries.
- 10. Soldering practice, metal to metal, wire to wire, wires to plugs, wires to connectors, wires to component PCB and de-soldering work.
- 11. Test basic electrical (MCBs, push buttons, relay, contactors)/electronic components (diodes, transistors, capacitors, coils, resistors etc.) using proper measuring instruments.
- 12. Test and operate electronic based circuit. Basic Trouble shooting in electronic circuits.
- 13. Configure, install, troubleshoot, upgrade, interconnect given computer system.
- 14. Test, operate and analyse the basic analog and digital electronic circuits.
- 15. Test and Operating microcontroller (8051) based systems.

Block - II

16. Demonstrate of location of the various sensing element, transmitter, controller, final control valve of a control loop.

- 17. Demonstrate and apply the mounting arrangements for field & control room instruments (Panel mounting, Wall mounting, Yoke mounting etc.).
- 18. Care, safety and proper use of hydraulic & pneumatic tubing & fittings, coupling and connectors.
- 19. Dismantling, Cleaning and Re-assembling of Air-Filters, Air Regulators. Connection of pneumatic instruments & adjustment as per name plate.
- 20. Removal and Re-Fitting of a plant instrument after properly isolating the section of plant. Plant Procedure like SOP work order, clearance Certificates should be noted down by the apprentices.
- 21. Understand and apply routine works like, Winding of clocks, Filling of Mercury, Cleaning and changing of Inks, Replacement of charts with drawing and returning of materials to and from stores.
- 22. Calibration and Maintenance of field instruments (displacement, pressure, flow, level, temperature etc.) and panel instruments (indicator, controller, convertor, recorder) used in instrumentation field.
- 23. Dismantle, inspect, calibrate and assemble various Control Valves, Valve Positioner, Convertor, various types of final elements and actuators.

- 24. Familiarization, Installation and Maintenance of various types of Control Loops like ON OFF, PID, feedback control loops etc and components (sensing clement, single indicator/recorder, controller and final control element), relays and annunciator.
- 25. Familiarization with instrument drawing in sketching, identification of instruments symbols and blocks diagrams of existing units in the plant. Instrument and Panel Installation as per layout plan.
- 26. Familiarization, installation and maintenance of analytical instruments.
- 27. Installation, testing and maintenance of recorders, data loggers
- 28. Testing and calibration of digital protocol (HART) instruments. preparation and testing of networking cables.
- 29. Understand and operating PLC. Executing and correcting small programs in PLC.
- 30. Understand the working and operation of DCS & SCADA system in the industry.

NOTE:

• Learning outcomes are reflection of total competencies of a trainee and assessment will be carried out as per assessment criteria.



7. LEARNING OUTCOME WITH ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

	GENERIC LEARNING OUTCOME		
	Learning Outcomes	Assessment Criteria	
1.	Recognize & comply safe working practices, environment regulation and	1.1 Follow and maintain procedures to achieve a safe working environment in line with occupational health and safety regulations and requirements.	
	housekeeping.	1.2 Recognize and report all unsafe situations according to site policy.	
		1.3 Identify and take necessary precautions on fire and safety hazards and report according to site policy and procedures.	
		1.4 Identify, handle and store / dispose off dangerous/unsalvageable goods and substances according to site policy and procedures following safety regulations and requirements.	
		1.5 Identify and observe site policies and procedures in regard to illness or accident.	
		1.6 Identify safety alarms accurately.	
		1.7 Report supervisor/ Competent of authority in the event of accident or sickness of any staff and record accident details correctly according to site accident/injury procedures.	
	Ski	1.8 Identify and observe site evacuation procedures according to site policy.1.9 Identify Personal Productive Equipment (PPE) and	
	-40	use the same as per related working environment. 1.10 Identify basic first aid and use them under different circumstances.	
	काशल	1.11 Identify different fire extinguisher and use the same as per requirement.	
		1.12 Identify environmental pollution & contribute to avoidance of same.	
		1.13 Take opportunities to use energy and materials in an environmentally friendly manner	
		1.14 Avoid waste and dispose waste as per procedure	
		1.15 Recognize different components of 5S and apply the same in the working environment.	
2.	Understand, explain different mathematical calculation & science in the field of study including basic	2.1 Explain concept of basic science related to the field such as units, Fractions & Simplification, square roots, material science, Ratio & Proportion, Percentage, Work, Power & Energy, Algebra, Mensuration, Trigonometry,	

electrical, electronics and instrumentation apply in day to day work[Different mathematical calculation & science –units, Fractions & Simplification, square roots, material science, Ratio & Proportion, Percentage, Work, Power & Energy, Algebra, Mensuration, Trigonometry, Mass, weight, density, Pressure]

Mass, weight, density etc.

- 2.2 Measure dimensions as per drawing
- 2.3 Use scale/ tapes to measure for fitting to specification.
- 2.4 Comply given tolerance.
- 2.5 Prepare list of appropriate materials by interpreting detail drawings and determine quantities of such materials.
- 2.6 Ensure dimensional accuracy of assembly by using different instruments/gauges.
- 2.7 Explain basic electricity, insulation &earthling.
- 3. Interpret specifications, different engineering drawing and apply for different application in the field of work. [Different engineering drawing-Geometrical construction, Dimensioning, Layout, Method of representation, Symbol, scales, symbolic representation of fastener and pipe joints, Electrical, electronic and digital symbols, P&I drawing symbols ISA 5.1]
- 3.1 Read & interpret the information on drawings and apply in executing practical work.
- 3.2 Read & analyse the specification to ascertain the material requirement, tools, and machining /assembly /maintenance parameters.
- 3.3 Encounter drawings with missing/unspecified key information and make own calculations to fill in missing dimension/parameters to carry out the work.

 Select and ascertain measuring instrument and measure dimension of components and record data.

- 4.1 Select appropriate measuring instruments such as micrometers, vernier callipers, dial gauge, bevel protector and height gauge, electrical meters, measuring instruments for pressure, flow, level, temperature etc (as per tool list)
- 4.2 Ascertain the functionality & correctness of the instrument.
- 4.3 Measure dimension of the components & record data to analyse the with given drawing/measurement.
- Explain the concept in productivity, quality tools, and labour welfare legislation and apply such in day to day work to improve
- 5.1 Explain the concept of productivity and quality tools and apply during execution of job.
- 5.2 Understand the basic concept of labour welfare legislation and adhere to responsibilities and remain sensitive towards such laws.

	productivity & quality.	5.3	Knows benefits guaranteed under various acts
6.	Explain energy conservation, global warming and pollution and contribute in day to day work by optimally using available resources.		Explain the concept of energy conservation, global warming, pollution and utilize the available recourses optimally & remain sensitive to avoid environment pollution. Dispose waste following standard procedure.
7.	Explain personnel finance,	7.1	Explain personnel finance and entrepreneurship.
	entrepreneurship and manage/organize related task in day to day work for personal & societal growth.	7.2	Explain role of Various Schemes and Institutes for self- employment i.e. DIC, SIDA, SISI, NSIC, SIDO, Idea for financing/ non financing support agencies to familiarizes with the Policies /Programmes & procedure & the available scheme. Prepare Project report to become an entrepreneur for
		7.3	submission to financial institutions.
8.	related to the occupation.	8.1	Use documents, drawings and recognize hazards in the work site.
		8.2	Plan workplace/ assembly location with due consideration to operational stipulation
		8.3	Communicate effectively with others and plan project tasks
	-5K	8.4	Assign roles and responsibilities of the co-trainees for execution of the task effectively and monitor the same.
SPE	CIFIC OUTCOME		
	4.7	Blo	rk-I& II (Section:10)

Block-I& II (Section:10)

Assessment Criteria i.e. the standard of performance, for each specific learning outcome mentioned under **block** – **I** & **block** – **II**(section: 10) must ensure that the trainee achieves well developed skill with clear choice of procedure in familiar context. Assessment criteria should broadly cover the aspect of **Planning** (Identify, ascertain, estimate etc.); **Execution** (perform, illustration, demonstration etc. by applying 1) a range of cognitive and practical skills required to accomplish tasks and solve problems by selecting and applying basic methods, tools, materials and information 2) Knowledge of facts, principles, processes, and general concepts, in a field of work or study 3)Desired Mathematical Skills and some skill of collecting and organizing information, communication) and **Checking/ Testing** to ensure functionality during the assessment of each outcome. The assessments parameters must also ascertain that the candidate is responsible for own work and learning and some responsibility for other's work and learning.

BASIC TRAINING (Block – I) Duration: (03) Three Months

Week No.	Professional Skills (Trade Practical)	Professional Knowledge (Trade Theory)
1	 Importance of trade training, List of tools & Machinery used in the trade. Health & Safety: Introduction to safety equipments and their uses. Introduction of first aid, operation of Electrical mains. Occupational Safety & Health Importance of housekeeping & good shop floor practices. Basic safety introduction. Personal protective Equipments (PPE). Use of Fire extinguishers. 	 Importance of safety and general precautions observed in the in the industry/shop floor. All necessary guidance to be provided to the new comers to become familiar with the working of Industrial Training Institute system including stores procedures. Soft Skills: its importance and Job area after completion of training. Introduction of First aid. Operation of electrical mains. Introduction of PPEs. Introduction to 5S concept & its application. Response to emergencies eg; power
		failure, fire, and system failure.
2	 Hand Tools and their uses Demonstration and uses of hand tools-screw drivers, pliers, tweezers, tester, wire stripper, electrician knife, steel rule, scriber, punches, hack saw, hammer, files, bench vice and drilling machine. Simple mechanical fixtures. Identification of types of screws, bolts, nuts, washers, rivets, clamps, connectors. Fix screws of different sizes on wooden boards. Cutting of metal blocks using hand/hack saw. Cutting of wooden blocks using hand/hack saw. Simple fitting practice, drilling and grinding practice. 	 Identification, specifications, uses and maintenance of commonly used hand tools. Its use for Chipping, filing, sawing, drilling, threading and metal cutting fundamentals. Different types of Fasteners & Fastening devices and its use. Working and use of drilling machines and grinding machines.

3	 15. Practice of Marking & measurement with the help of Precision Measuring Instruments. 16. Gauge blocks, sine bar, dial indicators. 17. Vernier Caliper, Vernier Height vernier calipers, 18. Micrometers, bevel protractor, thickness gauges. 	 Fundamental of marking tools its selection and use. Working principle and operation of Precision Measuring Instruments, gauge blocks, sine bar, dial indicators. Vernier Caliper, Vernier Height vernier calipers. Micrometers, bevel protractor, thickness gauges.
4	 Basics of AC and Electrical Cables Verification of ohm's law. Identification +Ve, -Ve polarities. Identifying and use of various electrical components, their symbols. Wire size measurement technique. Major D.C & A.C circuits. Identify the Phase, Neutral and Earth on power Socket. Use a Tester to monitor AC power. Measure the voltage between phase and ground and rectify earthing. Identify and test different AC mains cables. Skin the electrical wires /cables using the wire stripper and cutter. Prepare the mains cable for termination. Identify the meter for measuring AC & DC parameters. 	 Fundamentals of basic electricity, Basic terms such as electric charges, Potential difference, Voltage, Current, Resistance. Basics of AC & DC. Terms such as +ve cycle, -ve cycle, Frequency, Time period, RMS. P-P, Instantaneous value. Single phase and Three phase supply. Terms like Line and Phase voltage/ currents. Insulators, conductors and semiconductor properties. Different type of electrical cables and their Specifications. Types of wires & cables, standard wire gauge (SWG).
5	30. Identification, testing & running of Motors and generators. 31. AC/DC motors Different speed controlling techniques.	 Construction and working Principles of AC & DC Motors. Electricity, types of wave forms, time period and frequency, peak to peak values, RMS values, Average values, Form factor.
6	32. Overhauling & testing of ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS.33. Familiarization with the construction, Overhauling.	 Introduction to electrical measuring instruments, classification of meters, working principles and operation of different types of ammeters,

	34. Testing & calibration of instrument use	voltmeters, ohmmeters analog multi
	for voltage, current, frequency, power,	meter and its effective use.
	power factor and energy.	Working principles and operation of different types instrument use for
		different types instrument use for
		Frequency, power, power factor energy and its effective use.
7	35. Identify the different types of resistors.	
/	36. Measure the resistor values using colour	 Resistor-definition, types of resistors, their construction & specific use, color-
	code and verify the reading by	coding, power rating.
	measuring in multi meter. 37. Measure the resistance, Voltage,	 Equivalent Resistance of series parallel
	Current through series and parallel	circuits. Distribution of V & I in series
	connected networks using multi meter. 38. Identify different inductors.	parallel circuits. KVL& KCL with
	39. Identify the different capacitors and	applications.
	measure capacitance of various	Principles of induction, inductive
	capacitors using LCR meter.	reactance, Capacitance and Capacitive
	1 2 X X	Reactance,
		 Impedance. Types of capacitors,
		construction, specifications and
	AMPHE	applications.
		Dielectric constant. Significance of
		Series parallel connection of capacitors.
		Electromagnetic Relays, types,
	3KIIII	construction, specifications- coil voltage
		and contact current capacity.
	N	Multi meter, use of meters in different
	कशिल भारत-	circuits. Use of CRO, Function generator,
	4-13131 11331	LCR meter.
8	40. Identification, testing of Diodes transistors, UJT, SCR, TRIAC, DIAC.	Semiconductor physics. Forward and reverse bias in diada.
	41. Introduction of oscillators and	 Forward and reverse bias in diode. Transistor configurations of CC,CB,CE.
	amplifiers.	Introduction of amplifier & oscillator
		and its applications.
9	42. Identify the different types of	Basic electronics measuring instruments
	electronics components using LCR	are CRO, Signal generators, digital
	meter. 43. Identification of deflection sensitivity,	storage oscilloscope.
	various controls of CRO.	 Construction and working principle of CRO with internal structure.
	44. Design of clipper, clamper circuit and	Circuits of clippers, clampers, types of
	identify the output waveforms in CRO.	clamping design.

10	 45. Implementation of basic gates & universal gates and its output verification. 46. Ex-or an ex-nor gates design. 47. Half adder, full adder, half subs tractor and full sub tractor. 	 Digital Electronics- number system, conversion from to another system, basic gates, its truth table, universal gates and its truth table. Laws of Boolean algebra, De-Morgan's laws, using NAND gates design of basic gates, using NOR gates. Half adder, full adder, half subs tractor, full subs tractor.
11	 Identification of various indicators, Connectors, ports on the computer cabinet. Identify drives and their capacity. Identify various connectors and cables inside the cabinet & Identify connections to rear side and front panel of the cabinet. Identify various parts of the system unit and motherboard. Configuring and troubleshooting display problems. Practice various features of OS. Install a Printer driver software and test for print outs. Install MS office software. Explore different Menu/Tool/Format/status bars of MS word and practice the options: Editing the text, saving the text, changing the font and size of text. Prepare a power point presentation on any three known topics with various design features. Invoke excel sheet from MS WORD and vice versa. Identify the cables and network components. Making UTP cross cables and testing, Making straight cables and testing, 	 Basic blocks of a computer, Hardware and software, I/O devices, keyboard, types of mouse and their working. Different types of printers, their function and inter-connection and their advantages HDD, CDD, DVD. Various ports in the computer. POST Booting concept.
12	Making cable layout drawing. 61. Assembly language programs on microcontroller address bus and data bus structure, width of data and address bus and its memory size	Basic of 8051 microcontroller, its address bus and data bus structure, width of data and address bus and its memory size.

	62. Program counter ,stack pointer etc.	• Instruction sets and Registers of 8051 and their uses.
13	Assessment / Exar	nination (03 days)

NOTE: -

• More emphasis to be given on video/real-life pictures during theoretical classes. Some real-life pictures/videos of related industry operations may be shown to the trainees to give a feel of Industry and their future assignment.



BASIC TRAINING (Block – II) Duration: (03) Three Months

Week No.	Professional Skills (Trade Practical)	Professional Knowledge (Trade Theory)
1.	 64. Study various types of instruments constructions and identifying various parts and section. 65. Record the specification of instrument. 66. Find out the characteristics of linear and angular Displacement Resistive Transducer. 67. Find out the characteristics of linear 	 Scope and necessity of instrumentation. Fundamentals of measurement. Systems-functional block diagram of measurement system. Basic role, types, characteristics, and Selection of sensor/ transducer for measurement. Working principle, characteristics and
	and angular displacement Capacitive transducer.	applications of Resistive and capacitive Transducer.
2	68. Select and verify characteristics of Strain gauges.69. Study Construction, Purpose & Operation of load cells.	 Stress & Strain Measurement Working principle of Strain gauges, Types of Strain gauges, Bonding technique & Applications of Strain gauges.
	70. Study Construction & Operation of different types of Inductive, LVDT&RVDT Transducers for Displacement, Acceleration, Thickness and Vibration measurement and verify the characteristics.	 Working principle and applications of Inductive, LVDT&RVDT transducers. Measurement of vibration and accelerationseismic instrument.
	71. Study Construction & Operation of Vibrometers, and Accelerometers.	कुशल भारत
3	Pressure Measurement. 72. Study construction, Operation and measure atmospheric pressures using different types of Barometers.	 Principle of fluids Pressure, units of pressure, Factors affecting liquid pressure. Pressure relation with volume, temperature and flow.
	 73. Prepare and Measure gauge, vacuum and differential pressures using different types of manometers. 74. Dismantling and assembling of pressure Gauges. Study the construction, adjustments for correct functioning. 	 Types of pressure, their relation-ships. Working principle of Barometers, manometers and applications. Elastic types of pressure sensors, working and operation of bourdon tube, diaphragms, capsules, and bellows types

- 75. Study the construction, circuit operation and adjustments for correct functioning of electronic pressure indicators/ transmitters.
- 76. Study construction, Operation of Standard Calibrator/Dead weight Tester.
- 77. Testing & calibration of Pressure gauges, indicators, transmitters with Standard Calibrator/Dead weight Tester
- 78. Measure vacuum using Vacuum gauges,, & McLeod gauge
- 79. Maintenance of pressure lines, gauges, transmitters etc.

- of Pressure gauges switches and applications.
- Working and operation of different types Electrical pressure transducer:potentiometric, Capacitive, reluctanceservo, LVDT, strain gauge, piezo electric pressure transducer working and application.
- Low Pressure Measurement using diaphragm Vacuum gauges, McLeod gauge, thermal conductivity gauges, pirani gauges, thermocouple gauges, lonization gauge.
- Method of pressure instrument calibration. Working principle of Dead weight tester/comparators, low pressure testers. Importance of calibration in Metrology

4 Flow Measurement

- 80. Study construction and repairing various types of positive displacement flow meters. Oscillating piston type, Rotating vane meter, Nutating disc meter.
- 81. Study of various types of flow restrictors (orifice, venture, flow nozzle, Pitot tubes) their shape, connections and check etc.
- 82. Dismantling, checking overhauling and calibration of D.P. cell/ Transmitter (pneumatic & electronic).
- 83. Dismantling, checking overhauling and calibration of Rota meters
- 84. Study construction, operation and calibration of turbine flow meter, magnetic flow meters, vortex, mass flow meters etc.

- Basic properties of fluids, fluids in motion, units of flow rate and quantity flow, factors affecting flow rate, Reynolds number.
- Working principle of positive displacement flow meters.
- Head type of flow meters: flow elements, pressure tapings, DP transmitters.
- Variable Area type flow meter-rota meter, constructions, working principle, and application.
- Principle of working and application of Mass flow meters.
- Electronic inferential flow meters: principle of working and application magnetic flow meter. Turbine flow meter, vertex flow meter, ultrasonic flow meter.
- · Principle of open channel flow, weirs,

	85. Practice open channel flow	notches and flumes. Various shapes and
	measurement. Study construction,	their applications, maintenance, Solid
	operation flow elements and	flow measurements and application.
	instruments	now measurements and application.
	86. Maintenance of flow meters, flow	
	transmitters and indicators.	
5	Level Measurement	Introduction to measurement of level, -
	87. Study construction, operation and	The principle of operation, use and
	calibration of Hook type, Sight glass	construction of Hook type, Sight glass
	and Float type level measuring	type, Buoyancy type level indicator to
	instruments on close and open tank.	close and open tank.
	88. Dismantling, checking, overhauling	Hydrostatic method of level
	and calibration of level gauges.	measurements: Air purge method,
	89. Study construction, operation and	differential pressure technique.
	calibration of hydro Static pressure	Electronic Level Measuring Instrument:
	level measuring instruments, Bubbler	Variable capacitance, High and low level
	system, and differential pressure	alarm ON-OFF, Ultrasonic and Magnetic
	measurement for close and open	type level indicators, radar type level indicators.
	tank.	Solid level measurements: various
	90. Operation &calibration of Electronic	principle of operation, and use.
	Level Indicators and transmitters.	
	91. Practice liquid level measurement	lo dia
	using capacitive, Ultrasonic and radar	
	type level indicators.	
	92. Preventive maintenance of level	
	gauges , level indicating transmitters	कशल भारत
	and switches etc.	STATE OF THE STATE
6	Temperature Measurement	Measurement of Temperature:
	93. Dismantling, Study construction, overhauling and calibration of	introduction, Temperature scales
	J	Solid Expansion Type-Bimetallic
	bimetal, filled system thermometers and switches.	thermometers.
	94. Calibration, maintenance& testing of	Liquid Expansion Type-Mercury in glass thermometer steel
	Thermocouple, thermopiles, RTD,	glass thermometer, steel
	Thermostat,	thermometers, Alcohol in glass thermometer, gas and Vapor
	95. operate, test and calibrate optical	thermometer, gas and Vapor Pressure thermometers.
	and radiation pyrometers	Thermocouple & RTD Thermostat,:- their
	96. operation and use of electronic	ranges, construction, principle of
	The speciation and use of electronic	ranges, construction, principle of

temperature calibrator and temperature baths for checking/calibrating temperature measuring instruments and transmitters, Routine maintenance of thermometers, transmitters, switches, compensating cables etc.

97. operation and use of humidity Sensor Instruments

- operation, compensating leads, temperature Recorders.
- Principle of working and application of optical and radiation pyrometers etc.
- Introduction of electronic temperature calibrator and temperature baths.
- Principle of working and application of different types of humidity meters

7 Converters servicing.

98. Reconditioning and Calibration of I/P, P/I, E/I/, E/P, Electronic (power single and three phases), electric to hydraulic ETC. Converters.

Final control elements.

- 99. Study the cut sections of various types of control valves/final control elements and its various components
- 100. Dismantling, fault finding, repairing, cleaning, reassembling and testing different types of control valves and actuators (electric, pneumatic, and hydraulic)
- 101. operation, servicing of valve positioned

Converters:

 Principle, Construction, operation of I to P, P to I, E/I/, E/P Electronic (power single and three phase), electric to hydraulic ETC. Converters.

Final control elements in process loops.

 Working principle, operation and applications of Final control elements, actuators (electric, pneumatic, and hydraulic valve), and valve positioned in process loops. Control valve mechanical considerations, selecting control valves, valve positioner.

8 Automatic Industrial control.

- 102. study the closed loop & open loop system
- 103. Study the construction, Identification of components of ON-OFF type and PID type controllers (pneumatic and electronic) in the various fields.
- 104. Rig up ON-OFF type and PID type controllers (pneumatic and electronic) to unit operation and observe the responses.
- 105. Study operation on cascade, ratio,

Introduction to automatic Industrial control.

- Basic block diagram of control systems.
 Open loop, Closed loop system.
- Dynamics of Process, feedback and feed forward control system, Discontinuous Modes of Controller: two position, multi position, single speed and multi speed floating control.
- Continuous Modes of controller: ON/OFF, Proportional, integral derivative, PI, and PID
- Principle and operation of Electronic, programmable digital and pneumatic

	feed forward control. 106. Identification of Pneumatic and Hydraulic control circuit components. 107. Rig up pneumatic and hydraulic control circuit and Observe the responses 108. Dismantling and assembling of various valves.	controllers and its application, cascade, ratio, feed forward control. Basic principle Pneumatic and Hydraulic, Function of Control circuit component and its application
9-10	PLC 109. Indentify all the modules of plc used in system. 110. Wire and connect the digital and analog field devices to the I/O modules. 111. Write and execute small program on logic control, and sequence control 112. Study various network lines. 113. Preparation of network cables and connectors. Testing network cables	modules, Hardware selection and configuration- PLC symbols-PLC programming for application. Fundamentals of Net working: Types of networks used in digital Instrument systems. LAN, WAN, Ethernet. Types of Cable categories (CAT), and
	CLuit	their descriptions.Various types of Cable connectors various tools used in networking.
11	Telemetering servicing: 114. Study construction, Reconditioning, replacement of parts, adjustment and calibration of transmitters (different type) for process variables. 115. Installing & Operating HART transmitters/devices (I/O). 116. Calibration of HART devices. DCS&SCADA 117. Study and use of DCS & SCADA complete with communication system for automatic process control, 118. Indentify all the modules of used in system	 Smart devices: Need of smart devices, HART transmitters features & applications. Working method of HART devices, HART protocol. HART communicators and PC based HART device configuration. Steps in calibration of HART devices. Fundamentals of DCS & SCADA History of DCS development.
12	Analytical instruments:	Analytical instruments: • Principle, accessories, Function

	119. Study the panel control and its function, operation and calibration of the PH meter Conductivity meters, Calorimeter, gas analyzer, Dissolved oxygen meter.	&industrial application of the PH meter Conductivity meters, Calorimeter, gas analyzer, Dissolved oxygen meter.
13	Recorders data loggers	Recorders:
	120. Checking, fault finding, repairing,	• Introduction to recorders, data loggers
	testing of pneumatic,	Construction, working principle, various
	electrical/electronic recorders.	parts installation and use of pneumatic
	(single point & multi point), Check	and electronic recorders. Strip chart,
	Calibrate paperless LCD/LED	circular chart. Multi points paperless
	recorder.	LCD/LED recorder etc.
	Assessment / Ex	amination (03 days)

NOTE: -

• More emphasis to be given on video/real-life pictures during theoretical classes. Some real-life pictures/videos of related industry operations may be shown to the trainees to give a feel of Industry and their future assignment.



9.1 WORKSHOP CALCULATION SCIENCE & ENGINEERING DRAWING

	Blo	ock – I
SI. No.	Workshop Calculation and Science (Duration: - 20 hrs.)	Engineering Drawing (Duration: - 30 hrs.)
1.	Unit: Systems of unit- FPS, CGS, MKS/SI unit, unit of length, Mass and time, Conversion of units.	Engineering Drawing: Introduction and its importance - Viewing of engineering drawing sheets. Method of Folding of printed Drawing Sheet as per BIS SP: 46-2003. Drawing Instruments: their Standard and uses. - Drawing board, T-Square, Drafter (Drafting M/c), Set Squares, Protractor, Drawing Instrument Box (Compass, Dividers, Scale, Diagonal Scales etc.), Pencils of different
2.	Fractions & Simplification: Fractions, Decimal fraction, Multiplication and Division of Fractions and Decimals, conversion of Fraction to Decimal and vice versa. Simple problems. Simplification using BODMAS.	 Grades, Drawing pins / Clips. Lines: Definition, types and applications in Drawing as per BIS SP:46-2003 Classification of lines (Hidden, centre, construction, Extension, Dimension, Section). Drawing lines of given length (Straight, curved). Drawing of parallel lines, perpendicular line. Methods of Division of line segment.
3.	Square Root: Square and Square Root, method of finding out square roots, Simple problem using calculator.	Drawing of Geometrical Figures: Definition, nomenclature and practice of Angle: Measurement and its types, method of bisecting Triangle -different types Rectangle, Square, Rhombus, Parallelogram Circle and its elements.
4.	Ratio ∷: Simple calculation on related problems.	Lettering and Numbering as per BIS SP46-2003: - Single Stroke, Double Stroke, inclined, Upper case and Lower case.
5.	Percentage: Introduction, Simple calculation. Changing percentage to decimal and fraction and vice-versa.	Free Hand sketch: Hand tools and measuring instruments used in electronics mechanics trades.
6.	Material Science: Properties -Physical & Mechanical, Types –Ferrous & Non-Ferrous, difference between Ferrous	Free hand drawing: - Lines, polygons, ellipse, etc Geometrical figures and blocks with

and Non-Ferrous metals, introduction
of Iron, Cast Iron, Wrought Iron, Steel,
difference between Iron and Steel,
Alloy steel, carbon steel, stainless steel,
Non-Ferrous metals, Non-Ferrous
Alloys.

dimension.

- Transferring measurement from the given object to the free hand sketches.



	Block -	II
SI. No.	Workshop Calculation and Science (Duration: - 20 hrs.)	Engineering Drawing (Duration: - 30 hrs.)
1.	Mass ,Weight and Density : Mass, Unit of Mass, Weight, difference between mass and weight, Density, unit of density, specific gravity of metals	Symbolic Representation (as per BIS SP:46-2003) of: - Fastener (Rivets, Bolts and Nuts) - Bars and profile sections - Weld, brazed and soldered joints Piping joints and fittings
2.	Work, Power and Energy: work, unit of work, power, unit of power, Horse power of engines, mechanical efficiency, energy, use of energy, potential and kinetic energy, examples of potential energy and kinetic energy.	Construction of Scales and diagonal scale P&I drawing symbols ISA 5.1 cable schedule
3.	Algebra: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division, Algebraic formula, Linear equations (with two variables).	Electrical and electronics element and components LED, IRLED, photo diode, photo transistor, opto- coupler symbols symbols of Logic gates
4.	Mensuration: Area and perimeter of square, rectangle, parallelogram, triangle, circle, semi circle. Volume of solids – cube, cuboid, cylinder and Sphere. Surface area of solids – cube, cuboid, cylinder and Sphere.	Half adder, full adder, multiplexer and demultiplexer
5.	Trigonometry: Trigonometrical ratios, measurement of angles. Trigonometric tables. Finding height and distance by trigonometry.	UJT, FET, MOSFET, DIAC, TRIC, SCR, IGBT symbols and circuits of FET Amplifier, SCR using UJT triggering, snubber circuit, light dimmer circuit using TRIAC, UJT based free running oscillator.

9.2 EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

(DURATION: - 110 HRS.)

Block – I					
	(Duration – 55 hrs.)				
1. English Literacy		Duration: 20 Hrs. Marks: 09			
Pronunciation	Accentuation (mode of pronunciation) on simple (use of word and speech)	e words, Diction			
Functional Grammar	Transformation of sentences, Voice change Spellings.	, Change of tense,			
Reading	Reading and understanding simple sentences environment	about self, work and			
Writing	Construction of simple sentences Writing simple English				
Speaking / Spoken English	Speaking with preparation on self, on family, on friends/ classmates, on know, picture reading gain confidence through role-playing and discussions on current happening job description, asking about someone's job habitual actions. Cardinal (fundamental) numbers ordinal numbers. Taking messages, passing messages on and filling in message forms Greeting and introductions office hospitality, Resumes or curriculum vita essential parts, letters of application reference to previous communication.				
2. I.T. Literacy		Duration: 20 Hrs. Marks: 09			
Basics of Computer	Introduction, Computer and its application peripherals, Switching on-Starting and shutting of	ons, Hardware and lown of computer.			
Computer Operating System	Basics of Operating System, WINDOWS, The Windows OS, Create, Copy, Move and delete File External memory like pen drive, CD, DVD eapplications.	es and Folders, Use of			
Word processing and Worksheet	Basic operating of Word Processing, Creating, Documents, use of shortcuts, Creating and Edition the Text, Insertion & creation of Tables. Printing Basics of Excel worksheet, understanding basic simple worksheets, understanding sample work formulas and functions, Printing of simple excels	ng of Text, Formatting document. commands, creating sheets, use of simple sheets.			
Computer	Basic of computer Networks (using real life exa	imples), Definitions of			

Networking and Internet	Local Area Network (LAN), Wide Area Network (WAN), Internet, Concept of Internet (Network of Networks), Meaning of World Wide Web (WWW), Web Browser, Web Site, Web page and Search Engines. Accessing the Internet using Web Browser, Downloading and Printing Web Pages, Opening an email account and use of email. Social media sites and its implication. Information Security and antivirus tools, Do's and Don'ts in Information Security, Awareness of IT - ACT, types of cyber crimes.		
3. Communication Ski	lls		Duration: 15 Hrs. Marks: 07
Introduction to Communication Skills	Communication and its importance Principles of Effective communication Types of communication - verbal, non ve on phone. Non verbal communication -characte language Body language Barriers to communication and dealing wit Handling nervousness/ discomfort.	eristics	, components-Para-
Listening Skills	Listening-hearing and listening, effective effective listening guidelines for effective Triple- A Listening - Attitude, Attention & Active Listening Skills.	e lister	ning.
Motivational Training	Characteristics Essential to Achieving Succe The Power of Positive Attitude. Self awareness Importance of Commitment Ethics and Values Ways to Motivate Oneself Personal Goal setting and Employability Pla)] []	ारत गरत
Facing Interviews	Manners, Etiquettes, Dress code for an interpolar Do's & Don'ts for an interview.	erview	
Behavioral Skills	Problem Solving Confidence Building Attitude		
Block – II Duration – 55 hrs.			
4. Entrepreneurship S	kills		Duration: 15 Hrs. Marks: 06

Concept of Entrepreneurship	Entrepreneur - Entrepreneurship - Enterprises:-Conceptual issue Entrepreneurship vs. management, Entrepreneurial motivation. Performance & Record, Role & Function of entrepreneurs in relation to the enterprise & relation to the economy, Source of business ideas, Entrepreneurial opportunities, The process of setting up a business.		
Project Preparation & Marketing analysis	Qualities of a good Entrepreneur, SWOT and Risk Analysis. Concept & application of PLC, Sales & distribution Management. Different Between Small Scale & Large Scale Business, Market Survey, Method of marketing, Publicity and advertisement, Marketing Mix.		
Institutions Support	Preparation of Project. Role of Various Schemes and Institutes for self- employment i.e. DIC, SIDA, SISI, NSIC, SIDO, Idea for financing/ non financing support agencies to familiarizes with the Policies /Programmes & procedure & the available scheme.		
Investment Procurement	Project formation, Feasibility, Legal formalities i.e., Shop Act, Estimation & Costing, Investment procedure - Loan procurement - Banking Processes.		
5. Productivity	Duration: 10 Hrs. Marks: 05		
Benefits	Personal / Workman - Incentive, Production linked Bonus, Improvement in living standard.		
Affecting Factors	Skills, Working Aids, Automation, Environment, Motivation - How improves or slows down.		
Comparison with developed countries			
Personal Finance Management			
6. Occupational Safety, Health and Environment Education		Duration: 15 Hrs. Marks: 06	
Safety & Health	Introduction to Occupational Safety and Health importance of safety and health at workplace.		
Occupational Hazards	Basic Hazards, Chemical Hazards, Vibroacoustic Hazards, Mechanical Hazards, Electrical Hazards, Thermal Hazards. Occupational health, Occupational hygienic, Occupational Diseases/ Disorders & its prevention.		
Accident & safety	Basic principles for protective equipment.		

	Accident Prevention techniques - control of measures.	accidents and safety		
First Aid	Care of injured & Sick at the workplaces, First-Aid & Transportation of sick person.			
Basic Provisions	Idea of basic provision legislation of India safety, health, welfare under legislative of India.			
Ecosystem	Introduction to Environment. Relationship between Society and Environment, Ecosystem and Factors causing imbalance.			
Pollution	Pollution and pollutants including liquid, gaseous waste.	s, solid and hazardous		
Energy Conservation	Conservation of Energy, re-use and recycle.			
Global warming	Global warming, climate change and Ozone layer	depletion.		
Ground Water	Hydrological cycle, ground and surface water, Conservation and Harvesting of water.			
Environment	Environment Right attitude towards environment, Maintenance of in -house environment.			
7. Labour Welfare Legislation Duration: 05 H				
Welfare Acts	Benefits guaranteed under various acts- Factories Act, Apprenticeship Act, Employees State Insurance Act (ESI), Payment Wages Act Employees Provident Fund Act, The Workmen's compensation Act.			
8. Quality Tools		Duration: 10 Hrs. Marks: 05		
Quality Consciousness	Meaning of quality, Quality characteristic.	11.541		
Quality Circles	Definition, Advantage of small group activity, objectives of quality Circle, Roles and function of Quality Circles in Organization, Operation of Quality circle. Approaches to starting Quality Circles, Steps for continuation Quality Circles.			
Quality Management System	Idea of ISO 9000 and BIS systems and its importance in maintaining qualities.			
House Keeping	Durnosa of House-kooping Practice of good House	sokooning		
House Keeping Quality Tools	Purpose of House-keeping, Practice of good House Basic quality tools with a few examples.	sercehiig.		

10. DETAILS OF COMPETENCIES (ON-JOBTRAINING)

BROAD LEARNING TO BE COVERED IN INDUSTRY FOR TURNER TRADE:

- 1. Safety and best practices /Basic Industrial Culture (5S, KAIZEN, etc.)
- 2. Record keeping and documentation
- 3. Selecting proper instrument for measurement, testing and calibrating various measuring instruments.
- 4. Assembling of different components as per requirement and check functionality.
- 5. Carryout maintenance of instruments using in process plant and measuring instruments including electronics and electrical instruments.

Note: Actual training will depend on the existing facilities available in the establishments.

The **competencies/ specific outcomes** on completion of On-Job Training are detailed below: -

Block - I

- 1. Study personal & plant safety procedures and use of safety equipment, fire and fire fighting facilities/techniques, handling of hazardous chemicals and poisons substances.
- 2. Understand the different activities of the plant with plant capacity and production.
- 3. Preparing a Schematic Layout and study of the process and operation of the plant.
- 4. Perform basic workshop operations using he suitable tools for fitting riveting, drilling etc observing suitable care & safety.
- 5. Using precision instruments like for job preparation and operation. Correcting and maintenance of precision instruments.
- 6. Understand the working principle of electrical measuring instruments. Finding faults and troubleshoot calibrate, connect common electrical measuring instruments, Continuity Testers, meggers, earth resistance testers and multi meters etc.
- 7. Test, connect with devices, start and control and reverse the direction of rotation of DC motors AC single phase and three phase induction motors, synchronous motors.
- 8. Read, understand and interpret electrical (Single line diagrams MCC Panel wiring) & electronic circuits and its drawings.
- 9. Prepare, cable glanding, crimp, terminate and test various power/instrumentation cables used in industries.
- 10. Soldering practice, metal to metal, wire to wire, wires to plugs, wires to connectors, wires to component PCB and de-soldering work.
- 11. Test basic electrical (MCBs, push buttons, relay, contactors)/electronic components (diodes, transistors, capacitors, coils, resistors etc.) using proper measuring instruments.
- 12. Test and operate electronic based circuit. Basic Trouble shooting in electronic circuits.
- 13. Configure, install, troubleshoot, upgrade, interconnect given computer system.
- 14. Test, operate and analyse the basic analog and digital electronic circuits.

15. Test and Operating microcontroller (8051) based systems.

Block – II

- 16. Demonstrate of location of the various sensing element, transmitter, controller, final control valve of a control loop.
- 17. Demonstrate and apply the mounting arrangements for field & control room instruments (Panel mounting, Wall mounting, Yoke mounting etc.).
- 18. Care, safety and proper use of hydraulic & pneumatic tubing & fittings, coupling and connectors.
- 19. Dismantling, Cleaning and Re-assembling of Air-Filters, Air Regulators. Connection of pneumatic instruments & adjustment as per name plate.
- 20. Removal and Re-Fitting of a plant instrument after properly isolating the section of plant. Plant Procedure like SOP work order, clearance Certificates should be noted down by the apprentices.
- 21. Understand and apply routine works like, Winding of clocks, Filling of Mercury, Cleaning and changing of Inks, Replacement of charts with drawing and returning of materials to and from stores.
- 22. Calibration and Maintenance of field instruments (displacement, pressure, flow, level, temperature etc.) and panel instruments (indicator, controller, convertor, recorder) used in instrumentation field.
- 23. Dismantle, inspect, calibrate and assemble various Control Valves, Valve Positioner, Convertor, various types of final elements and actuators.
- 24. Familiarization, Installation and Maintenance of various types of Control Loops like ON OFF, PID, feedback control loops etc and components (sensing clement, single indicator/recorder, controller and final control element), relays and annunciator.
- 25. Familiarization with instrument drawing in sketching, identification of instruments symbols and blocks diagrams of existing units in the plant. Instrument and Panel Installation as per layout plan.
- 26. Familiarization, installation and maintenance of analytical instruments.
- 27. Installation, testing and maintenance of recorders, data loggers
- 28. Testing and calibration of digital protocol (HART) instruments. preparation and testing of networking cables.
- 29. Understand and operating PLC. Executing and correcting small programs in PLC.
- 30. Understand the working and operation of DCS & SCADA system in the industry.

Note:

- Industry must ensure that above mentioned competencies are achieved by the trainees during their on job training.
- In addition to above competencies/ outcomes industry may impart additional training relevant to the specific industry.

INFRASTRUCTURE FOR PROFESSIONAL SKILL & PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE

	INSTRUMEN	NT MECHANIC	
	LIST OF TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT fo	or Basic Training (For 20 Apprentices)	
A. TRAIN	IEES TOOL KIT (For each additional unit	trainees tool kit Sl. 1-09 is required a	dditionally)
Sl. no.	Name of the Tool &Equipment	Specification	Quantity
1.	Steel Rule (metric and English Marking)	150mm	20 nos.
2.	Watch maker screw driver	Set of six or above	20 nos.
3.	Plier flat Nose	100mm	20 nos.
4.	Hammer ball pain. With handle	250gms	20 nos.
5.	Twiser fine point	125mm	20 nos.
6.	File hand smooth	200mm	20 nos.
7.	File Flat 2nd.cut	200mm	20 nos.
8.	Screw driver set	Set of5 pieces or above	20 nos.
9.	Adjustable spanner	15 mm	20 nos.
B: TOOL	S INSTRUMENTS AND GENERAL SHOP O	UTFITS	
10.	Neon(phase) tester	Voltage: 230volt	4nos.
11.	Eye glass3"focuswatchmaker	3"focus	4nos.
12.	Angle plate	-	2nos.
13.	Vee block with clamp pair		2nos.
14.	Hacksaw frame adjustable	200–300 mm	8 nos.
15.	Hammer ball pain	450gms.withhandle	2nos.
16.	Electric soldering iron (pencil tip)	6watt	4nos.
17.	Vice bench	jaw100mm	4nos.

18.	Pointer extractors (puller)		4nos.
19.	Punch center	100×10mm	2nos.
20.	Plier side cutting	150mm	2nos.
21.	Flaring tool set		1set
22.	Micrometer outside	0to25mm	1no.
23.	Micrometer outside	25to50mm	1no.
24.	Vernier height gauge	300 mm	2nos.
25.	Combination set	300mm	1no.
26.	Vernier caliper	150mm	2nos.
27.	Standard wire gauge	1 to 30 SWG or above can measurable	1no.
28.	Feeler gauge leaf type	26 blades, eng. & metric	1no.
29.	Radius gauge leaf type	1to15mm	1no.
30.	Dial test indicator in mm with accessories.	Standard size	1no.
31.	Micrometer inside	25mmwithextension upto150mm	1no.
32.	Combination plierheavy duty	150mm	6nos.
33.	Fire buckets		4nos.
34.	Tube cutter	त-कुराल नारत	1no.
35.	Tube bender		1no.
C: GENE	RAL MACHINERY INSTALLATIONS		
36.	Digital panel meters	3 ½ "digit LED display	6 nos.
37.	Digital line frequency indicator	3 ½ "digit LED display	2nos.
38.	D.C. regulated power supply	(+/-15V / +/- 30V) 0-3 Amp display for voltage and current	2 nos.
39.	Digital multi signal generator with	Generator- 1 MHz or above	1no.
	frequencycounter	Square, sign, triangle generation	
		Frequency counter- 10Hz or above	

		Digital display	
40.	Digital function generator	Generator- 10 MHz or above	1 no.
		Digital display	
41.	Pulse generator	2 MHz or above	1 no.
42.	Digital insulation tester and megger	100 M ohm or above	1no. each
43.	Digital multimeter	3 ½ "digit LED display, current, volt, resistance, transistor, diode measurement facility.	2nos.
44.	Analog multimeter	current, volt, resistance measurement facility	2nos.
45.	Digital L. C.R. bridge/meter	Measures resistance, inductance, capacitance, quality factor etc. Instrument capable to measuring inductance, L, capacitance, C, and resistance, R.	1no.
46.	Wire types traingauge (load		4nos.
	cell/cantilevered)		(2nos. each)
	Instrument/Trainer	ARREST PROPERTY.	
47.	Vibrometer sensing elements with	11V.14.5VDC supply voltage,	2nos.
	application Trainer	Power consumption: max. 15W	
	Skill	Ambient Condition: Operating temperature: 50 C to 400 C (410 F1040F)	
	कोशल भार	Storage temperature: -10°C to 650 C (140 F 149° F) LCD Display, Signal out Analog Output, Signal Output DIGITAL OUT, Low Pass Filter, High Pass Filter, Laser, Power Supply PDV-AC,	
		Housing Protection rating: with protective insulation, IP40 Cable length: 3 m	
48.	Accelomerter		1no.
49.	Seismic instruments		2nos.
50.	Decade resistance, capacitive and	Resistance box-0 to 10 M ohms or	1no. each
50.			

		Capacitive and inductive box range	
		as required	
51.	DC moving coil millimeters	0-25 mA	2nos.
	(various ranges)	0-100 mA	
	(and action god)	0-250 mA	
		0-750mA	
52.	Centre zero galvanometers	30-0-30 or above	2nos.
		Size- 100 mm or above	
53.	AC moving iron type	0-50V	3nos.
	voltmeter(various ranges)	0-150V	
		0-300V	
54.	AC moving iron type	0-1A	3nos.
	ammeter(various ranges)	0-10A	
	1.4	0-50A	
55.	Wattmeter dynamometer type	Single Phase	1no.
	1 6	3000 watts /10 A or above	
		AC type, 230V compatible	
56.	Power factor meter	Single phase	1no.
	.653	10 A or above	
		AC type, 230V compatible	
57.	Watt hour meter induction type	Single phase	2nos.
		5 A or above	
58.	Ampere hour meter	Single phase	1no.
		10 A or above	
59.	Ohmmeter	0-10M ohms	2nos.
60.	Instrumentation amplifier trainer	<u>ਰ = ਹਨ9 ਜਾ ਮਾਦਰ</u>	1no.
00.	mistramentation amplifier traffic	0 9/2/01/1/01	1110.
61.	Trainer son network circuits		1no
62	Discreat component trainer		100
62.	Discreet component trainer		1no.
63.	Trainer sonlinear circuits i.e.		1no.
	operational amplifiers		
64.	Trainer on basic digital electronics	The Trainer on Basic Digital	
	i.e. log icgates Boolean	Electronics will have a main unit and	1no.
	Expression adders	modules. The main unit will	
	ubtractor flip flop	consist of Fixed DC Power Supplies,	
	counter register	Adjustable DC Power Supply,	
	converter etc.		

		Standard Frequency Outputs, Clock	
		Signal Generator,	
		2 x 8 i.e. 16 SPDT switches as HI /	
		Low Inputs, 4 Toggle Switches, each	
		with debounce circuit, 2 Nos. pulsar	
		switch with Q and Q' o/p with	
		debounce circuit, Line Signal	
		generator, 2 digit BCD coded	
		thumbwheel Switch, 16 sets of	
		independent LED's to indicate high &	
		low logic state, 4 sets of	
		independent 7 segment LED display	
		with BCD to Seven Segment,	
		Decoder driver, Logic Probe, An 80 /	
		0.5W speaker with driver circuit,	
	1.2	Breadboard Module.	
65.	Trainer son power supplier's half		2no.
	wavere ctifier full wavereg ulated		
	powersupply	SERVER SE	
66.	SCR driven/controlled power		1no.
	supply trainer		
67.	Micro Controller Trainer	India	1 no
68.	TraineronRS485toRS232converter	Trainer with software for test	1 no. each
		communication with computer,	
	-40	Signal Conversion RS 485-RS232,	
	। काशल मार	Power supply 230 Vac/50Hz,	
		Working mode 2-wire half-duplex	
		Transmission distance: RS232:	
		Typical: 15 FT (5m)	
		RS485: Typical 4000FT (1200m)	
		Maximum Baud Rate: 100 Kbit/s to	
		10 Mbit/s,	
		"Receive" and "Transmit" modes LED	
		indicators	
69.	Pressure Comparator	capacity / Range – 0 -30kg/cm² or	1no.
		above	
70.	Pressure regulators with filter and	¼ "or 1/8" connection with air filter	1no.

	input & output gauges	regulator and 4" dial pressure	
		gauges.	
71.	Pressure transmitter for gauge and vacuum	Pressure transmitter: Input 0-7 bar or above	1no.each
		Output 4-20 mA	
		Vacuum transmitter	
		Input:	
		0-30inch Hg	
		Output 4-20 mA	
72.	Differential pressure	Pressure range: 6.90 to 690 kpa	1no.
	transmitter(electronic)	Accuracy: ± 0.075% of calibrated	
		span, Static pressure: 2000 psi	
		Output: 4 to 20 mA / HART, Supply	
		voltage: 11.9 - 45 vdc, Operating	
	1-0	temperature limits: 80°C, Process	
	1 6	connection: 1/4" - 1/8" npt female	
		Electrical connection: 1/2" – ¼" npt,	
		Conduit Approval: standard	
	633	waterproof ip67, Flange adaptor:	
		316 SST, Diaphragm: 316 SST,	
		Display: LCD, Range ability: 100: 1,	
		Fill fluid: silicon, Mounting: 2"	
	$-\infty$ k	Pipe Bracket: stainless steel bracket	
		(angle type) with SS bolts	
	53	Orifice Plate Assembly, Fluid: Water,	
	कोशल भाग	Size: Suitable for 1" GI pipeline, Max.	
	4514161 4117	Temp.: 45 °C, Orifice Plate made up	
		of SS 304,	
		Sump Tank made up of S.S. 304,	
		0.5 HP S.S. Pump, Measuring Tank	
		made up of S.S. 304.	
		Whole set-up will mounted on MS	
		structure with suitable piping's and	
70	Be deal bet 100	fittings.	2
73.	Bourdon tube type, bellow type	Dial size- 4 inch above	2nos. each
	and Diaphragm type pressure	Sensing element- SS or phosphor	
	gauges of various ranges	bronze Range- as required	

74.	Pressure measurement trainer	 Consisting one pressure process vessel minimum 20 liter capacity Bourden tube pressure gauge (C and spiral type one each) (0-7 kg/cm²) diaphram type pressure gauge (0-7 kg/cm²) electronic pressure transmitter (input 0-7 Kg/cm², output 4 to 20 mA) pnumatic pressure trasmitter (input 0-7 kg/cm², output 3 to 15 psi) Pressure switch(0-7 kg/cm²) Absolute pressure gauge (7 kg/cm²) FRL unit with input and output gauge All the instruments are with safety hand valve, flanged arrangement for easy assembling and dismantling, with all necessary accessories and meters for operating and measurement. Tank consisting two extra tapping for connecting any other measurements. 	1no.
75.	Pressure controller	Controller: Input- 4 to 20 mA Output-4 to 20 mA Auto and manual tuning Digital display of process and set point Transmitter: Range: 0-5 bar or above Zero and span tunable Output- 4-20 mA Compatible supply Process tank: size as required Control valve: as required I/P converter: i/p 4-20 mA o/p -3-15mA	1 no.
		5/ P 5 ±5////	
76.	Pressure switch as of various	Range: 0-5 bar, 0-1 bar	4nos. each

77.	Different types of manometers	U tube type- mercury filled, 600-0-	1no. each
''.	Sincicit types of manometers	600 mm or above	THO. Cach
		Well type- 0-30 inch or above	
		Inclined type0-500 mm or above	
78.	Ptol and Ito Pconverters	Air filter regulator, pressure Gauges	1no. each.
/6.	Ptor and ito Pconverters	current indicator, air compressor I	Tilo. eacii.
		TO P Converter (input -4-20 mA,	
		output 3-15 psi)	
79.	Vacuum tester with Low pressure	vacuum tester range 0-30 inch of Hg	1no. each.
	measuring gauges such as thermal	or above,	
	conductivity (pirani) gauge McLeod	Vacuum pump- 0-27 inch of Hg or	
	gauge and vacuumpump.	above	
		with gauge and valve.	
		Thermal conductivity (pirani) gauge	
		McLeod gauge specifications as	
		required by system	
80.	Vacuum gauge	100mmdial bourdon tube type	1no.
81.	Simple tank type quantity meter	SS tank with glass tube indicator and	1no.
	.668	scale for level measurement in	
		quantity with necessary fitting.	
82.	Impeller type flow meter	Impeller Flow meter type of Suitable	1no.
		range for Water or Viscous fluid with	
		Pulse or 4-20 mA DC or DC Voltage	
		Output with S.S. measuring and	
	53	sump tank, SS pump fitted on stand	
	रहोशल भाग	for working of flow meter.	
83.	Helical and turbine flow meter	Helical & Turbine type Flow with	1no.
		Suitable range for Water or Viscous	
		fluid with Pulse or 4-20 mA DC or DC	
		Voltage Output with SS measuring	
		and sump tank, SS pump fitted on stand for working of flow meter,	
		mounted on suitable frame	
		structure.	
84.	Pitottube flow meter	Suitable range pitot tube flow meter	1no.
		for air velocity measurement, with	
		Perspex, long smooth walled pipe,	
		air blower, inclined cum vertical	
		manometer, all fitted on framework.	

85.	Orifice type flow meter	Rota meter, Orifice plate assembly	1no.
86.	Venturi tube flow meter	of SS & brass Venturi all suitable for 1" pipe line, SS sump tank, SS measuring tank, SS pump, mercury manometer with scale with required all fittings accessories and mounted on stand to understand working of all three flow meters.	1no.
87.	Rota meter		1no.
88.	Magnetic flow meter	Magnetic flowmeter with HART communication facility & 4-20 mA output along with SS sump tank, SS measuring tank, SS pump and with required all fittings accessories and mounted on stand.	1no.
89.	Vortex flow meter	SS sump tank, SS measuring tank, SS pump, flow meter with HART Communication& 4-20 mA output and with required all fittings accessories and mounted on stand.	1no.
90.	Flow measurement and control trainer	Consisting flow transmitter PID controller, I/P converter, FR unit, Control valve Pump and tank Controller: Input – 4-20 mA o/p 4-20 mA manual and auto tuning I/P - input 4-20 mA O/P 3-15 psi Pump ½ hp or above Flow transmitter – input: as required Output- 4-20 mA	1 no.
91.	Solid flow measurement and Control trainer	Microwave based Solid flow sensor, Hopper, collection tray, control valve, PID controller, electronic circuit chart recorder, current meter, and seamless data transfer unit complete working set up mounted on suitable frame structure.	1 no.

92.	Flow DP transmitter	Differential pressure transmitter with HART/field bus facility, SS Orifice plate assembly, control valve, actuator, valve positioner, rota meter, air regulator. To study the working principal of DP Transmitter and functioning of it with HART/field bus.	1 no.
93.	Integrated direct level indicator trainer (Hook type, sight glasstype, float type level indicator)	Float Type Level Indicator Made up of M.S. /S.S. with 1/2" drain valve, Float made up of SS-304 of 400 mm (D), 1-meterMeasuring. Hook Type Level Indicator made up of M.S./S.S., Chromium Plated Brass Scale & Body,300 mm range, 0.5 mm accuracy with 0 -300 mm Rack & Pinion scale. Sight Glass Level Indicator made up of M.S./S.S. with Measuring tank, sight glass and drain valve facility, Protection covers for sight glass tube level indicator & MS stand for it.	1no.
94.	Static pressure and air purge type level indicator	Static pressure and air purge Level Indicator with glass tube, SS purge pipe.	1no.
95.	Electrical Type Level indicating transmitter with application trainer	त-कुशल भारत	1no. each
96.	Level controller	Level transmitter, Auto- Manual PID controller (with three term facility), communication facility, control valve, I/P converter, S.S. sump tank, measuring tank of suitable height, S.S. pump, circular chart recorder, SCADA software with necessary fitting to run the setup, mounted on suitable frame structure.	1no.

97.	Level measurement equipment for solid, sonic solid level, microwave, capacitance probes, diaphragm switches, nuclear gauge, sonic and microwave solid level detectors point level detector, conductivity type	level detector Notes and suitable to mounted commerce level switch, Carden Switch, Carden Switch, Carden Switch, Carden Switch S	detector, Microwave /ibrating fork type pacitance probe level type level Detector. and sensors with ainer as measuring transmitters and non stand such as it, with switches and	1 no. each
98.	Stem and dial type bimetallic thermo meter(various ranges)	W.		2nos.
99.	Liquid, Gas and Vapor pressure thermo meter			2nos.each
100.	Temperature Trainer consisting of, RTD'S, the rmistor and different types Thermocouple.			1no.
101.	Temperature transmitter, pneumatic	0.2 to 1.0 Kg/cr Deg. C, Selectal Control Action, on 3 to 15 psi, s rotameter, S.S. jacketed measu stand with hard	sories, mounted on	1no.
102.	Temperature transmitter electronic (input RTD,TC)	Type: RTD Pt-1 Mounting: Hea	00/Pt-1000, 2wires. Id Mounting.	1no. each
103.	Temperature Digital Indicator	Input sensor co thermocouple Digital display	mpatible: RTD or	2 nos.
104.	Pyrometer with a llacc essories		display, 800°C to ement Range with	1no.
105.	Trainer for measuring and	•	. Shell and Tube Heat cold water tank,	1no.

	controlling of temperature	Pump, Rota meter and a hot water tank with thyristori zed heater, Thermocouples, Temperature Transmitter, PID Controller, Control	
		Valve, I/P Converter, Air Regulator, Current Meter, Pressure Gauge, Thyristor Drive, Heater Controller, Temperature Indicator, Circular	
		Chart Recorder. The unit will also consist of necessary piping, fittings Standard pneumatic lines, Software.	
106.	Temperature digital Controller	It consisting a controller, transmitter, Dry block oven or heating system. RTD /Thermocouple transmitter:	1no.
	7	Sensor: as required Output: 4-20mA	
	.653	Controller: Input – 4-20 mA o/p 4-20 mA manual and auto tuning.	
107.	Digital temperature calibrator, mV/mA injector and measuring unit	DC mV Source & Sink 0 to 199.99mV Range, 0.01mV Resolution ± 0.1% Of F.S Accuracy DC mA Source & Sink 0 to 25 mA Range, 0.01mA Resolution, ±0.25% Of F.S Accuracy, RTD and thermocouple output measurement to calibration of temperature transducers.	1no. each
108.	Pneumatic and electronic recorders (single point and multipoint) Both circular and strip chart types	Circular chart recorder made up of Aluminum, 12" circular type chart, Capillary - 3 mtrs ss-304/copper Ranges in 120°C- 38 to 50 °C,100 °C, Single pen type. circular recorder. Strip chart recorder Input1: k type thermocouple Input 2: k type thermocouple Range: 0-120 degree.	1no. each

		Speed: 60 mm / hr	
		Type- two pen type	
		230 vac mains operated	
109.	Paper less LCD/LED recorder	Analog input channels support	1 no.
	setup	various types of signal, The following	
		options can be selected to input	
		through meter configuration,	
		Voltage signal: 0-5/1-5VDC/0-	
		20/0oC100mVDC, Current signal: 0-	
		20/4-20mADC,	
		Thermal resistance: Pt100, Cu50,	
		Thermocouple: B, E, J, K, S, T 2	
		Output 1 analog output channel	
		(4–20mA)can drive a maximum load	
		of 750Ω. 1 isolated 24VDC feedback	
	1.7	output can supply a current as much	
		as 50mA, Accuracy Rea-time display:	
		±0.2% F.S. Recall accuracy: ±0.2%	
	,69	F.S. Cold junction tolerance: ±2%	
		Clock accuracy: ±2S/Day Notes:	
		Reject cold junction tolerance of	
		thermocouples, Record Interval,	
		Record interval selection,	
		1/2/5/20/40/60/120/240 second(s).	
		Record Capacity, 4MBit. The user	
	25,012,311	can allocate it to two input channels	
	काराल नार	through instrument configuration	
		(0.5MBit per unit).	
		Record Time, If the power is ON, the	
		total record time T of every channel	
		can be calculated by the Record	
		Interval T and Record Capacity n, See	
		the formula as follows: T=0.74×n×t;	
		Where: T: day; t: S; n: M, the value	
		can be 0.0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0,	
		3.5 or 4.0. For example: In case	
		n=4.0, t=240S, this channel can	
		record for T=710.4 days, Alarm	

			1
		Output, 2 passive Contact Outputs.	
		Contact Capacity: 1A 30VDC.	
		Default: normal open,	
		Communication RS485 mode:	
		Complying with open MODBUS RTU	
		slave protocol, and the baud rate	
		can be	
		set:200/4800/9600/19200/38400/57	
		600 bps, Screen Display Resolution:	
		192×64 Scan frequency: 1Hz, Power	
		Supply Rated AC supply voltage:	
		0.2A @ 90-260VAC, 45-55Hz, Net	
		weight ≤1.0kg, Storage condition	
	1.4	Temperature: -20-60oC. Avoid direct	
	1.0	exposure to violent sunlight	
	17	Humidity: <85%RH, Operating	
		condition Temperature: 0-55oC	
	,	Humidity: 10-85%RH (no	
	,600	coagulation). Notes: Do not operate	
		in an erosive atmosphere. Do not	
		bring liquid or conductive substance	
		into the instrument. Keep airiness	
		near the intake in a good condition.	
110.	Programmable logic controller	At least digital 4 input & 4 Output,4	1 no.
	(micro PLC) trainer	analog input & output)	
	(At least digital 8 input & 8 Output, 4	
	काशल भार	analog input & output with	
		simulation software and hardware	
		for understanding PLC programming	
111.	Real PID controller trainer	and functioning Pump, sump tank, Heater tank, PC	1 no.
111.	Real FID Controller traffier	based PID controller module with all	1110.
		three (P+I+D) mode and Auto and	
		manual mode facility to study the	
		PID control action.	
112.	Electric actuators		1no.
113.	Pneumatic and hydraulic	Travel: 50 mm, Type: Hydraulic	1no.
	actuators	Cylinder, Action: Double Acting,	
		Power Pack, Complete arrangement	
		to be fitted on MS fabricated	

		powder coated Table with necessary piping and wiring.	
114.	Different type of control valves suchasgate valves, globe valves, Ball valves,diaphragmvalves,butterfly alvesetc.eclectically/actuated,pn umaticactuated/hydraulicactuated d	e Actuate.	1no. each.
115.	Valve petitioners, booster relays gland pickings etc.		1no. each.
116.	Cut section models of various type of control valve	Gate valves, globe valves, Ball valves, diaphragm valves, butterfly valves	1no. each.
117.	Microprocessor trainer kit	Microprocessor Trainer 6.144 MHz Operating Frequency, 8 K ROM, 8 K RAM, ASCII Keyboard Input, LCD Display with interface with ADC / DAC modules, application modules like Seven Segment Display, Stepper Motor Controller, Traffic Light Controller, Elevator Simulator, Temperature measurement, DC Motor controller. Trainer with simulation software.	4 nos.
118.	Air compressor		1 no.
119.	Hydraulic trainer	Hydraulic Trainer with Equipment trays - 2nos., Pressure gauge – 2 nos., Hydraulic Motor -1 no., 4/2-way hand lever valve - 3no.s, 4/3-way hand lever valve with relieving mid-position - 3nos., 4/3-way hand lever valve with closed mid-position - 3nos., 4/3-way hand lever valve with recalculating mid- position - 3 nos., Pressure sequence valve, pressure relief valve – 3 nos., 3-way pressure reducing valve – 2 nos., 2-way flow control valve – 2 nos., One-way flow control valve -	1 no.

		4nos., Non-return valves – 4 nos., Shut-off valve- 4 nos., Diaphragm accumulator with shut-off block – 1 no., Weight up to 10 kg- 1 no., 2/2 way plunger / stem actuated – 2 nos., Standard hoses with quick connectors, Flow dividing valve – 1 no., 5-way distributor with pressure gauge - 1no.	
120.	Pneumatic trainer	Pneumatic trainer consists with Pressure Gauge, Pneumatic Motor, Single Acting Cylinder, Double Acting Cylinder, Air Filter Regulator Lubricator with Pressure Gauge, Hand Lever Operated Valves: 2 Nos, 5/2 way& 3/2-way, Solenoid Valve: 2 Nos, 5/2 way&3/2- way, Pilot Operated Valve: 5/3 Spring Centered, 5/2Spring Returned, 3/2 Pilot Operated. Palm Operated Valve: 3/2-way Valve, Roller Lever Valve: 5/2 way, 3/2-way Valve, Shuttle Valve: OR Valve, AND Valve: Dual Pressure Valve, Flow Control Valve, Non-Return Valve, Block Manifold: 6 ways, Plastic Tubing as per require, Quick Push-Pull connectors, Air Compressor.	1 no.
121.	Conductivity meter AND Experimental set up for online conductivity measurement	Online conductivity meter with 4-20 mA output, Conductivity sensor, SS Reactor tank, SS feed tanks, pump, stirrer, hardware and electrical accessories mounted on good quality frame work with software.	1 no. each
122.	pH meter Experimental set up for online pH measurement	Online PH meter with 4-20 mA output, PH electrode, SS Reactor tank, SS feed tanks, pump, stirrer, hardware and electrical accessories on stand with software.	1 no. each
123.	Different type of Hygrometer		1no. each
124.	Hydrometer		1no.

125.	Experimental set up for online dissolved oxygen measurement	SS Measuring Tank, Dissolved oxygen Meter, dissolved oxygen sensor, hardware and electrical accessories on stand with software.	1 no.
126.	Computers(latest configuration) with tables (For operating various control system trainers) Licensed operating system, Latest Office (licensed version)		04 nos.
127.	LCD multimedia projector		01 no.
128.	Broad band internet connection		01 no.
129.	Printer(Scan/copy)	(h.)	01 no.
130.	Networking tool kit	53.	02 nos.
131.	Electronic (HART/Field bus/profibus type device compatible) calibrator	Microprocessor base HART Communicator calibrator with Full multi-bus communicator for HART, FOUNDATION Field bus and Profi bus PA instruments. Touch Screen LCD display.	1 no.
132.	Low pressure measuring gauges such as thermal conductivity gauge, McLeod gauge	Digital display of pirani type (thermal conductivity type) Vacuum measurement, mercury in glass tube McLeod gauge with inclination provision, close vessel for create vacuum, fitted on frame work.	1 no.
133.	Vacuum gauge digital	Compound gauge with digital display, as per selection of fluid	1 no.
134.	Pressure Transmitter, Pneumatic	Transmitter output 0.2 to 1.0 Kg/cm2, PID Scale for Set Point & Process, Input & Output 0.2 to 1.0 Kg/cm2, Selectable Control Mode & Control Action, control valve works on 3 to 15 psi, air regulators, pressure gauges, SS pressure vessel, air compressor, stand with hardware fittings & electrical accessories.	1 no.

135.	Thermal Mass Flow Meter	Inline Thermal mass flow meter with digital display, RS485 / RS232 communication, output 4-20 mA with air compressor & digital anemometer. Complete set ready to use.	1 no. each.
136.	Piston Type flow meter	Flow meter along with sump Tank, Measuring Tank, Pump, and all accessories for working set-up.	1 no. each.
137.	Edge flow meter	Edge flow meter with digital display for sludge flow measurement with open impeller mud pump with tank, suitable structure to complete experimental set-up.	1 no.
138.	Flow control loop set with flow controller recorder, D.P. transmitter, receiver, unit control valve and impulse line, computer complete experimental set- up for flow measurement	DP transmitter, Auto- Manual PID controller (with three term facility), communication facility, control valve, I/P converter, S.S. sump tank, rotameter, circular chart recorder, SCADA software with necessary fitting to run the set up.	1 no.
139.	Experimental closed loop set up for solid flow measurement and Control with storage vessel, hopper, solid flow sensor, controller, Recorder and final control element	Microwave based Solid flow sensor, Hopper, collection tray, control valve, PID controller, electronic circuit chart recorder, current meter, and seamless data transfer unit. complete working set up mounted on suitable frame structure.	1 no.
140.	Coriolis mass flow meter	Coriolis mass flow meter with HART communication, output 4-20 mA along with sump Tank, Measuring Tank, Pump, and accessories with stand, seamless data transfer unit, mounted on suitable frame structure.	1 no.
141.	Flow nozzle	SS Flow nozzle flange Type, sump tank, measuring tank, pump, mercury manometer, mounted on suitable frame structure.	1 no.

142.	Flow Transmitter, Pneumatic	Transmitter output 0.2 to 1.0	1 no.
		Kg/cm2, PID Scale for Set Point & Process, Input & Output 0.2 to 1.0 Kg/cm2, Selectable Control Mode & Control Action, control valve works on 3 to 15 psi, SS orifice assembly, rotameter, air regulator, pressure gauge, sump tank, SS pump, stand with hardware fittings & electrical accessories	
143.	Level transmitter (interface)	Min. measuring range 1100 mm, SS	1no.each
	(HART/Field bus/profibus	sump tank, suitable measuring tank,	
	compatible)	S.S. pump, with hardware and fitting	
		to understand level Interface	
		measurement.	
144.	Level Transmitter, Pneumatic	Transmitter output 0.2 to 1.0 Kg/cm2, PID Scale for Set Point & Process, Input & Output 0.2 to 1.0 Kg/cm2, Selectable Control Mode & Control Action, control valve works on 3 to 15 psi, rotameter, air regulator, pressure gauge, sump tank & measuring tank, SS pump, stand with hardware fittings & electrical accessories	1 no.
145.	Paperless LCD/LED recorder setup	Min. 4 channels, RS 232 through RS 485 Converter Communication, heating and stirring for water bath, PID, 4 nos. of thermocouples, necessary wiring and fittings.	1 no.
146.	Strip chart and Pneumatic recorder both single and multi-point	Digital current source, air regulator, pressure gauge and temperature transducers, Pneumatic Chart Recorder Single Point & multi point 0-100 % range, input 3-15 psi, Electrical chart drive, zero adjustment, wall mounted, Electronic Strip Chart Recorder Single Point & multi point 0-100 % range, any one fix input for each channel RTD, Thermocouple or 4-20 mA,	1 no.

		All fitted on panel and stand, with electrical accessories.	
147.	Data acquisition system (DAS)	SS measuring tank, S.S. sump tank, S.S. pump, four type of transmitter (pressure, flow, temperature and level), with data acquisition module hardware as well as software.	1 no



कौशल भारत - कुशल भारत

INFRASTRUCTURE FOR WORKSHOP CALCULATION & SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING DRAWING

TRADE: INSTRUMENT MECHANIC <u>LIST OF TOOLS& EQUIPMENTS FOR -20APPRENTICES</u>

1) **Space Norms** : 80 Sq. m. (For Engineering Drawing)

2) Infrastructure:

A: TRAINEES TOOL KIT:-										
SI. No.	Name of the items	Specification	Quantity							
1.	Draughtsman drawing instrument box	M.,	20+1 set							
2.	Set square celluloid	45 (250 X 1.5 mm)	20+1 set							
3.	Set square celluloid	30-60 (250 X 1.5 mm)	20+1 set							
4.	Mini drafter		20+1 set							
5.	Drawing board	700mm x500 mm IS: 1444	20+1 set							
B:F	urniture Required									
SI. No.	Name of the items	Specification	Quantity							
1.	Drawing Board		20							
2.	Models : Solid & cut section	HUI	as required							
3.	Drawing Table for trainees		as required							
4.	Stool for trainees	-कुराल मारत	as required							
5.	Cupboard (big)	Ç	01							
6.	White Board	size: 8ft. x 4ft.	01							
7.	Trainer's Table		01							
8.	Trainer's Chair		01							

Tools & Equipments for Employability Skills									
Sl. No.	Name of the Equipment	Quantity							
1.	Computer (PC) with latest configurations and Internet connection with standard operating system and standard word processor and worksheet software	10 Nos.							
2.	UPS - 500VA	10 Nos.							
3.	Scanner cum Printer	1 No.							
4.	Computer Tables	10 Nos.							
5.	Computer Chairs	20 Nos.							
6.	LCD Projector	1 No.							
7.	White Board 1200mm x 900mm	1 No.							

Note: - Above Tools & Equipments not required, if Computer LAB is available in the institute.



FORMAT FOR INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

Name & Address of the Assessor :					Year of	Year of Enrollment :								
Name & Address of ITI (Govt./Pvt.) :					Date o	Date of Assessment :								
Name & Address of the Industry :					150 P		Assess	Assessment location: Industry / ITI						
Trade Name : Semester:				Duration of the Trade/course:										
Learning Outcome:														
	Maximum Marks (Total 100 Marks) 15 5		5	10	5	10	10	5	10	15	15	ent		
SI. No	Candidate Name	Father's/Mothe Name	safety consciousness	Workplace hygiene	Attendance/ Punctuality	Ability to follow Manuals/ Written instructions	Application of Knowledge	Skills to handle tools & equipment	Economical use of materials	Speed in doing work	Quality in workmanship	VIVA	Total internal assessment Marks	Result (Y/N)
1		ব্যা	शल	4	Rd	- မား	राल	শা	रत				•	
2														